

# INTERNATIONAL SKATING UNION

## Communication No. 1359

### SYNCHRONIZED SKATING

#### A. Trial Judging

An official Trial Judging, as per rule 818 paragraphs 9a) (i) and 10c) will be conducted by the Synchronized Skating Technical Committee in connection with the French Cup, ISU International Synchronized Skating Competition for Seniors and Juniors which be held in:

**Rouen, France, February 02 - 05, 2006**

Acting as a Trial Judge in this designated International Synchronized Skating Competition will be considered as activity for present International Judges/Referees. Those ISU Members needing to provide activity either for their present International Judge / Referees or their National Judges who before April 15, 2006 will be nominated by the respective ISU Member as International Synchronized Skating Judge, must send applications to the ISU Secretariat with a copy to the Member of the Synchronized Skating Technical Committee (Mrs. Georgelin), not later than December 30, 2005. As the total number of participants of the Trial Judging is restricted, the Synchronized Skating Technical Committee will make the final selections from the applications submitted.

#### **Program:**

The Trial Judging will use the ISU Judging System and will concern Senior and/or Junior categories in different parts (SP and /or FS).

The participants must plan to arrive at the official hotel on Thursday February 02, before 16.30h and must plan to leave Rouen on Sunday February 05, after 12.00h.

#### **Expenses:**

- a) All administrative expenses, including living and travel expenses of the moderator(s) of the Trial Judging will be borne by the ISU
  - b) The travel and living expenses (accommodation and meals ) for the participants of any ISU Member who wish to attend this Trial Judging are to be borne by their respective ISU Member
- All ISU Members are responsible for arranging the travel and hotel accommodation for their own participants.

#### **Applications:**

Applications for Trial Judging must reach the following addresses not later than **December 30, 2005**.

International Skating Union

Attn: Celine de Joffrey

Fax : + (41) 21 612 66 77

E-mail : [dejoffrey@isu.ch](mailto:dejoffrey@isu.ch)

Attn : Monique Georgelin

Fax :+ (33) 2 99 81 96 76

E-mail : [Axgeo@aol.com](mailto:Axgeo@aol.com)

The accepted applicants will be notified after the application deadline at the latest by January 05, 2006.

## **B. Novice Free Skating / Results Calculation**

### **Multiplying Factor for the Program Components**

The panel's points for each Program Components are reached by calculating the trimmed mean of the scoring Judges' results for that Program Component. The trimmed mean is calculated in the manner as described in Rule 738. paragraph 1. e).

The panel's points for each Novice Program Component are then multiplied by a factor as follows:

Free Skating 1.0

The factored results are rounded to two (2) decimal places and added. The sum is the Program Component Score. Any update of the factor will be published in an official ISU Communication.

### **C. Correction in ISU Communication No. 1323 (p.16, Rule 738 paragraph 1 h), 2<sup>nd</sup> sentence)**

The Factor 0.7 will not apply in Short Program when two (2) of the following formations are used (wheel, line and intersection in junior short program and wheel **and intersection** in senior short program).

**Remarks:** Intersection is missing in this sentence but the WIGE calculation program has taken this into consideration and the results in competitions were correctly calculated.

### **D. Correction from ISU Communication No. 1347 - List of Judges**

Persons who have attended the ISU Recognized Synchronized Skating Judges Seminar in Zurich, in October 2005 and who are now qualified to judge under ISU Judging System:

Mrs. Hanna KUGLEROVA	CZE
Mrs. Pia Alhonen	FIN
Mrs. Leena Kurri	FIN
Mr. Daniel de Paix de Coeur	FRA
Mrs. Laetitia Hikoum	FRA
Mr. Fabrice Marcilly	FRA
Mrs. Marielle Sartre Lequeu	FRA
Mr. Christian Wieland	SWE
Mrs. Maria Lysell	SWE

## **E. Technical matters**

### **Clarification ISU Communication 1323 and Communication 1347**

In accordance with the ISU Special Regulations Synchronized Skating 2004, the following clarifications have been made by the Synchronized Skating Technical Committee in the ISU Communication No. 1323 and 1347.

**1. ISU Communication 1323 (p. 20, 25/Change of Rotation feature in No Hold Step Sequence, Step Sequence)**

In the case there will be a feature with two (2) changes of rotation, in a Step Sequence / No Hold Step Sequence, a minimum of two (2) of four turns must be presented with a change of rotation.

**2. ISU Communication 1347 (p.2 / (i) Step Sequence definitions)**

**STEP SEQUENCE DEFINITIONS:**

- A Step sequence will start on the entry edge of the first turn.

**Change of Rotation:** Refers to a rotation clockwise and anti-clockwise and determined by body/shoulder rotation on the Entry Edge. The rotation may be done with turns or linking steps that rotate.

a) Change of Rotation as an optional Feature for Step Sequences in Lines / Blocks / No Hold Step Sequences

- In a case that there will be a feature with two (2) changes of rotation, a minimum of two (2) of four turns must be presented with a change of rotation.
- A rotation must be done at the same time you release holds. This may be executed with a turn or linking step that rotates.

**AND/OR**

- **In a case that there will be a feature with two (2) changes of rotation**, a release of holds, is allowed, during one step or one change of edge, if the step or the change of edge is the entry edge for the next turn.
- There may be linking steps or other turns executed in between the change of rotation.

Examples of One (1) Change of Rotation, **when rotating at least 180°**, for Step Sequences in Lines / Blocks / No Hold Step Sequences

In the case of blocks or lines with holds, ONE change of rotation will be determined in the following manner:

- Facing first one side of the ice and then release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice establishing a rotational direction.
- **and** again release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice executing a different rotation than the first.

b) Change of Rotation as an optional Feature for Step Sequences in Circles

- In a case that there will be a feature with two (2) changes of rotation, a minimum of two (2) of four turns must be presented with a change of rotation.
- A rotation must be done at the same time you release holds. This may be executed with a turn or linking step that rotates.

Examples of One (1) Change of Rotation, **when rotating at least 180°**, for Step Sequences in Circles

In the case of circles **with holds**, ONE change of rotation will be determined in the following manner:

- Facing first into the circle and then release holds in order to rotate and face the outside of the circle establishing a rotational direction
- **and** again release holds in order to rotate and face inside the circle executing a different rotation than the first.
- (or visa versa)

### 3. Examples of Two (2) Changes of Rotation

**EXAMPLE ONE: Equals two changes of rotation when rotating at least 180°.**

- Facing first one side of the ice and then release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice establishing a rotational direction
- **and** again release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice executing a different rotation than the first one.
- **and** again release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice executing a different rotation than the second

**EXAMPLE TWO: Equals two changes of rotation when rotating at least 180°.**

- Facing first one side of the ice and then release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice establishing a rotation direction
- **and** again release holds in order to rotate and face the other side of the ice executing a different rotation than the first one
- **and** rotating 360° (such as a twizzle) executing a different rotation than the second

**EXAMPLE THREE: Equals two changes of rotation when rotating at least 180°.**

- Rotating first 360° in one direction establishing a rotational direction
- **and** again rotating 360° executing a different rotational direction than the first
- **and** again rotating 360° executing a different rotational direction than the second

**4. Clarification for the Change of Holds**

**ISU Communication 1323**

Change of Hold requirements:

~~In order to fulfill the requirements for a change of hold, each hold must be held for a minimum of three (3) seconds.~~

In order to fulfill the requirements for a change of hold, each change of hold must be clearly recognizable.

**5. Clarification for the Grade of Execution**

**ISU Communication 1347 p.4**

Junior and Senior Short Program

In the short program, if a change of hold, travelling, change of direction is an omitted feature, the judge does not reduce the GOE. Deductions for not according to requirements will be made by technical specialists and verified by the technical controller.

Milan,  
November 30, 2005  
Lausanne,

**Ottavio Cinquanta**, President

**Fredi Schmid**, General Secretary