

INTERNATIONAL SKATING UNION

Communication No. 1341

SYNCHRONIZED SKATING

FOLLOW UP TO ISU COMMUNICATION 1323 PHASES OF AN INTERSECTION REDUCTIONS and DEDUCTIONS GRADE OF EXECUTION

A. FOLLOW UP TO ISU COMMUNICATION 1323

In accordance with the ISU Special Regulations Synchronized Skating 2004, the following clarifications have been made by the Synchronized Skating Technical Committee in the ISU Communication No. 1323.

I) JUNIOR SHORT PROGRAM

Rule 705 paragraph 3 d)

Wheel (Communication No. 1323, page 7)

In one (1) of the formations the wheel element must travel and must have one change of direction (rotation). A change of direction/rotation may happen even between formations.

II) DIFFICULTY GROUPS OF ELEMENTS

Moves in the Field (Communication No. 1323, page 22)

Difficulty Groups revised (5 Groups instead of 4 Groups) as follows:

GROUP 1 Three (3) different moves from fm1	MF1
GROUP 2 Two (2) different moves from fm1 and one (1) from fm2 or fm3	MF2
GROUP 3 One (1) move from fm1 and two (2) different moves from fm2 or fm3 OR One (1) move from fm1 and one (1) move from fm2 and one (1) move from fm3 OR Three (3) different moves from fm2	MF3
GROUP 4 One (1) move from fm2 and two (2) different moves from fm3 OR Two (2) different moves from fm2 and one (1) move from fm3	MF4
GROUP 5 Three (3) different moves from fm3	MF5

III) GROUPS OF DIFFICULTY FOR THE FEATURES (Junior/Senior Short Program)

Step Sequences (Communication No. 1323, page 25)

A required step sequence in short program that does not meet the criteria of any Group (regarding the number of turns) will be called as Group **s1 + DED 2**.

Comments regarding the required Step Sequences in Short Program:

A required step sequence in Short Program must meet the requirements for the Group 2, 3, 4 or 5 (**type of turns and number of turns is determined for each Group**).

If the step sequence in the Short Program does not fulfill the requirements for a required **type of turns** for the respective group (even if the required number of turns is fulfilled) **then the Group s1 + DED 1 for not According to requirements will be called.**

If the required **number of turns (4)** is not fulfilled, the step sequence will be considered as **omitted and the Group s1 + DED 2** will be called.

Comments regarding the Step Sequences in Free Skating:

If the step sequence in Free Skating does not contain the required number of turns (regardless of whether features are included) the **Group s1** will be called.

IV) REQUIRED FEATURES / Junior and Senior Short Program

Rule 705 paragraph 2 and 3 (Communication No. 1323, page 2-7)

Elements with the **required Features that are not allowed to be repeated will receive a DED 1 for Not According to Requirements, if those Features will be repeated.**

V) DEFINITION OF BIELLMANN SPIN/SPIRAL:

Spin / Free Skating (Communication No. 1323, page 23)

Free Skating Elements / moves (Communication No. 1323, page 27)

The Biellman Spin/Spiral is defined **as pulling the free leg above and behind head level either held by one hand or two hands.**

VI) DEFINITION OF A FALL:

Rule 706 paragraph 8 b) (Communication No. 1323, page 9)

Rule 712 paragraph 9 b) (Communication No. 1323, page 16)

A fall is defined as “loss of control by a skater with the result that the majority of his/her own body weight is on the ice being supported by any other part of the body other than the blades. e.g. hand(s), knee(s), back, buttock(s) or any part of the arm.

VII) POINT OF INTERSECTION / Junior and Senior Short Program

(Communication No. 1323, page 27)

If no turns, dance jumps or free skating moves are included in the required Intersection(s) /Point of Intersection(s), the pi1 + DED 2 for an omitted requirement will be called.

If a two footed turn is performed at the Point of Intersection, the pi1 + DED 1 will be called for not According to Requirements.

B. PHASES OF AN INTERSECTION

These 4 phases will determine the Level of Difficulty and clarify the need for applicable deductions for an intersection.

Phase 1 – Preparation

Phase 2 – Approach

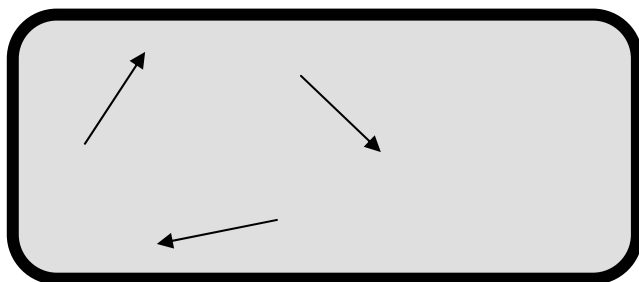
Phase 3 – Point of Intersection

Phase 4 – Exit of Intersection

Phase 1: Preparation

The preparation phase is defined as establishing the shape of the intersection.

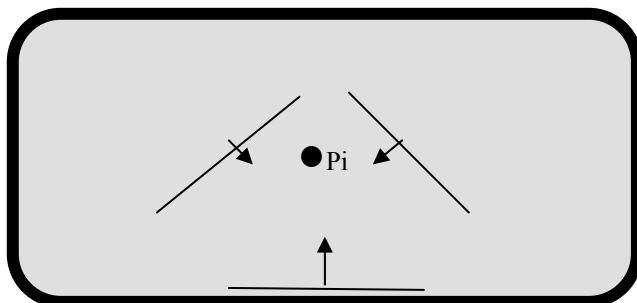
- In order to receive the level as stated in the Difficulty of Elements for intersections, the team must perform the preparation phase back to back (at least 4 beat of music).



Phase 2: Approach

The Approach to the Intersection is defined as the moment that the team starts moving towards the point of intersection.

- In order to receive the level stated in the Difficulty of Elements for Intersections, the team must perform the approach phase back to back
- In the case where one line is not back to back during the preparation and approach phase then one lower level will be called.



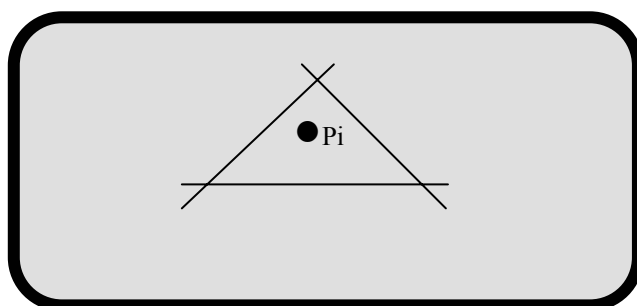
Collapsing figure intersections (box/ triangle intersections and other variations)

- Lines that are pivoting during the preparation and approach phase shall be considered back to back.
- Skaters must be skating backwards during pivoting.
 - In the case where one line is not pivoting but remains back to back during the preparation and approach phase, the intersection will still be considered as stated in the Difficulty Groups of Elements.
 - One level lower will be called for line(s) that are pivoting and skating forward during the preparation and approach phase.

Phase 3: Point of Intersection

The Point of Intersection phase is defined as the instant when the skaters are passing each other.

- The level at the Point of Intersection will be called based on the criteria listed in the document “Difficulty Levels of Features”
- The steps or turns closest or at the point of intersection will be called
- As long as the preparation and approach is backwards, skaters are allowed to step forwards in order to perform turns at the Point of Intersection
 - In the case of a collapsing Intersection (L, box, triangle and other variations) the Point of Intersection begins when the first skaters begin to intersect and ends as the last skaters complete the intersection
 - In the case of the collapsing intersection, where a team may include a several steps, turns and/or moves consisting of various levels, the most difficult turn/move will be counted

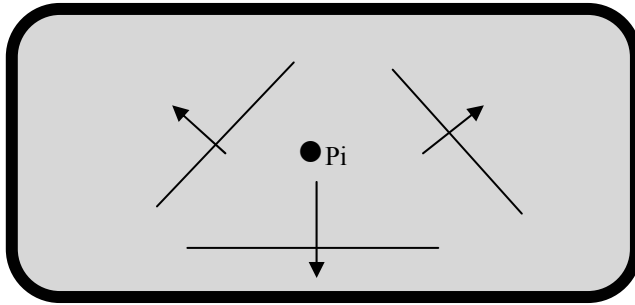


Phase 4: Exit of Intersection

The Exit phase of the Intersection is defined as the moment following the Point of Intersection:

- The team must keep the shape of the intersection following the Point of Intersection.
 - There is no length of time that the team must hold this shape however it must be easily recognized.

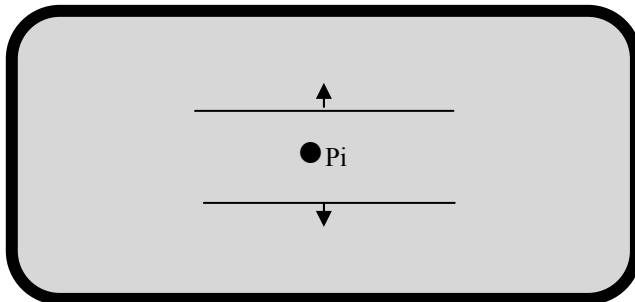
- A hold at the Exit of Intersection is not required.



EXAMPLES:

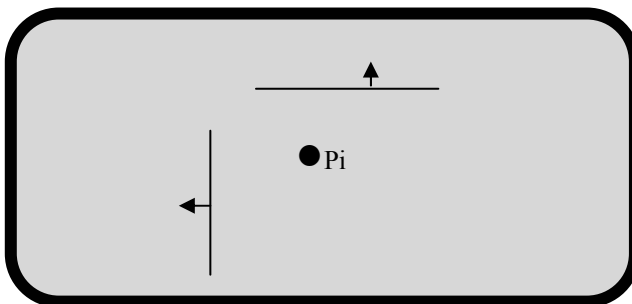
TWO LINES PARALLEL

- Two lines parallel from the same direction must still have two lines parallel following the point of intersection



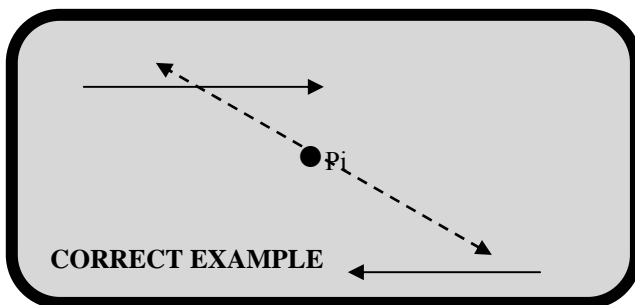
TRIANGLE, BOX, L AND OTHER VARIATIONS

- Triangle, Box, L and other variations must keep the shape of the intersection following the point of intersection.

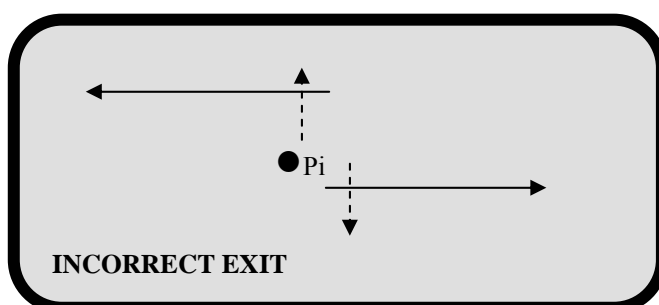
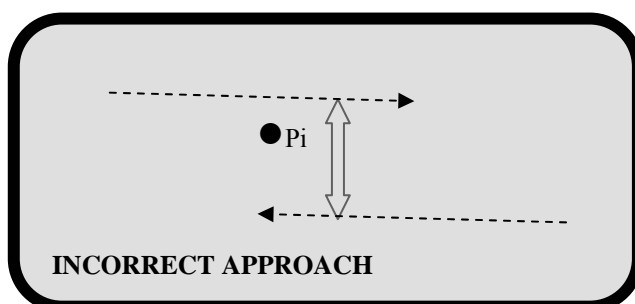


TWO LINE INTERSECTION FROM OPPOSITE DIRECTIONS:

- The lines must be back to back during the Preparation and Approach phase.
- The team must maintain an angled direction during the Approach, at the Point of Intersection and at the Exit of the intersection.



- If the team does not keep the angle during the approach and/or the exit phase a Deduction 1 (0.3 value) will be called for Not According to Requirements

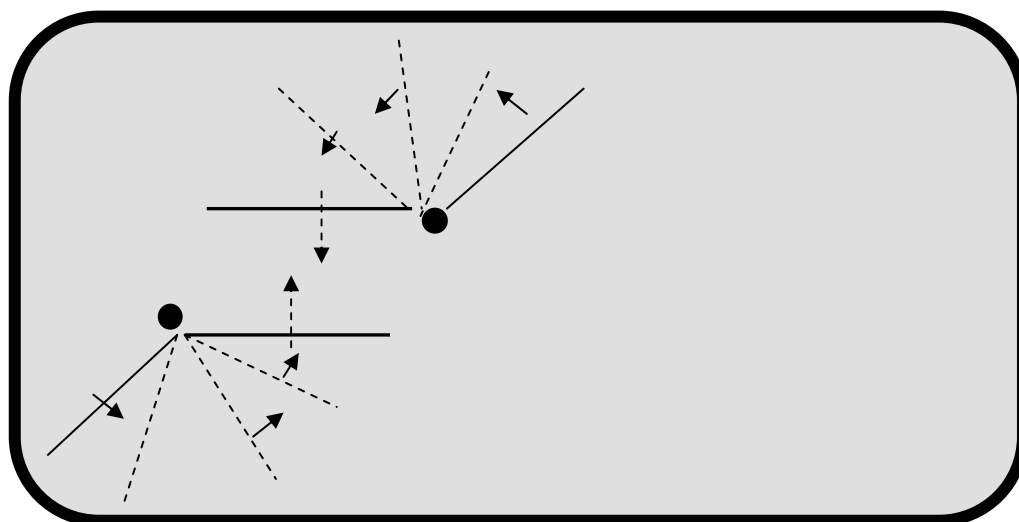


WHIP INTERSECTION

- The accepted shape on the exit of a whip intersection is a V.

COLLAPSING FIGURE INTERSECTIONS (BOX/ TRIANGLE INTERSECTIONS)

- Lines that are pivoting during the preparation and approach phase shall be considered back to back. Skaters must be skating backwards during pivoting.



Attached to this clarification are the Reductions and Deductions for Synchronized Skating and the Grade of Execution Descriptions.

Milano,
August 16, 2005
Lausanne,

Ottavio Cinquanta, President
Fredi Schmid, General Secretary

SYNCHRONIZED SKATING DESCRIPTION GRADE OF EXECUTION

Breaks, Stumbles, Falls and collisions in the Short Program for the required elements and for the Free Skating within an element in Free Skating must result in a reduction of the GOE between -1 and -3 according to the detailed sheet "Reductions and Deductions".

GENERAL ELEMENT QUALITY	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING Including also quality of changes in direction (skating forwards and backwards)	No edges / mainly on flats; Most turns, steps very poorly executed; Skating with toe pushing and noisy	Lack of edges / turn control; Most turns, steps poorly executed; Skating with toe push or scraped	Lack of edges/ turn control, shallow edges; Stiff with lack of knee action; Many turns, steps with toe push or scraped	Moderate depth of edges, execution of turns, steps through the whole element; Some scraping sounds but no toe pick pushing	Good edges; Good execution of turns, steps; Some scraping sounds but no toe pick pushing	Very good and varied edges (short and long); Very Good execution of turns steps; No toe pick pushing	Excellent and varied edges (short and long); Excellent execution of turns, steps through the whole element; No toe pick pushing or scraping sounds
QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS	Skaters struggling with shapes (shapes never recovered after an error)	Most parts with loss of shapes	Obvious struggling with shapes in many places	Most parts with clean shapes/ configurations	Good shapes at most times	Very good shapes at all times	Excellent shapes with (straightness of lines/ roundness of circles) at all times; Variety of Shapes; Excellent line up and very close spacing between skaters
QUALITY of SPACING / DISTANCE between Skaters (closeness), Lines/Circles	Very poor line up, big spacing between skaters and distance between lines/ circles at all times	Most parts with loss of line up, spacing between skaters or uneven distance between lines/circles	Obvious struggling with line up, spacing between skaters and uneven distance between lines /circles	Most parts with good line up and close spacing between skaters; Even distance between lines / circles	Generally good line up and close spacing between skaters; Even distance between lines/ circles	Very good line up and very close spacing at most times; Even and close distance between lines/ circles	Even distance between lines/circles Excellent equal tension maintained throughout); Excellent line up at all times
QUALITY of HOLDS and CHANGE of HOLDS	Struggling with holds; /breaking holds Very poor timing of release and re-grasp of holds	Struggling with holds, especially after hold changes; Poor timing of release and re-grasp of holds	Obvious struggling with holds in many places; Struggling with changes of holds by some skaters	Most parts with clean holds and smoothly hold changes; Most changes of holds with fast turns and steps	Good grasp/re-grasp in holds and hold changes at most times; Good changes of holds with fast turns and steps	Very good grasp/re-grasp in holds and hold changes; Very good changes of holds with fast turns and steps at most times	Excellent grasp/re-grasp in holds and excellent hold changes at all times; Excellent changes of holds with quick rotational turns and steps at all times
SPEED / FLOW	Slow speed / flow; throughout the element	Slow speed/ flow at most times	Loss of speed / flow during step sequences	Moderate speed / flow. Some visible pushing	Good speed / flow Some visible effort	Very good speed/ flow; No visible effort	Excellent speed/ flow; No visible effort
UNISON Incl. free foot placement, arm movements etc.	Very poor unison throughout the element	Poor unison throughout the element	Mediocre unison throughout the element	Most parts in fair unison	Good unison at most times	Very good unison at all times	Excellent unison at all times

ELEMENT BLOCK	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING 2) QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS * 3) QUALITY of SPACING /DISTANCE 4) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 5) SPEED / FLOW 6) UNISON <i>* Incl straightness of lines while pivoting</i>	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality
7) QUALITY of PATTERN and AXIS CHANGES	Simple pattern: Only straight directions; Very poor change of axis	Simple pattern: Only straight directions; Poor change of axis	Diagonal pattern: some diagonals used Some difficulties in change of axis	Diagonal pattern. Mostly diagonals used, some straight directions; Moderate change of axis	Diagonal pattern: No straight directions used Generally good change of axis	Complex pattern: some circular / serpentine included. Very good change of axis	Complex pattern: only diagonals and circular / serpentine directions included. Excellent change of axis
8) TRANSITIONS within Block Element Speed Criteria for Transitions also include: - the time to set up new formation - the distance teams move apart from each other during a transition - equal speed, connecting steps (no stop or "wait" for the rest of a team)	Slow speed; Very long time to set up new formation	Slow speed at most times; Long time to set up new formation	Loss of speed during transitions; Long time to set up new formation	Moderate speed with some visible pushing; Moderate time to set up new formation	Good speed with some visible effort; Short time to set up new formation	Very good speed; Short time to set up new formation	Excellent speed; Very short time to set up new formation

ELEMENT CIRCLE	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING 2) QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS 3) QUALITY of SPACING /DISTANCE 4) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 5) SPEED / FLOW 6) UNISON	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality
7) CONTROL OF ROTATION (incl. also quality change of rotation / clockwise to counter clockwise)	Very slow speed; No control of rotation and / or change of direction	Slow speed; Poor control of rotation and / or change of direction	Loss of control of rotation and / or change of direction; Slow speed at most times	Moderate speed with some visible effort; Controlled rotation and / or change of direction	Good speed with some visible effort; Good control of rotation at all time and/or change of direction	Generally good speed; Very good control of rotation at all time and/or change of direction	Excellent speed; Excellent control of rotation at all time and/or change of direction
8) QUALITY OF TRAVELLING/ ROTATING PIVOT	Poor travelling; Nearly no rotation; Pivot as a part of a circle	Poor travelling; Poor/ slow rotation; Incorrect pivot position	Average rotation/ Unequal force is applied which results in incorrect pivot position	Average rotation/ most skaters exert equal force; Pivot at the centre a few times	Good/ consistent travelling while rotating; Most skaters exert equal force; Pivot at the centre most of the time	Very good/ consistent travelling while rotating; Each skater exerts / applies equal force; Pivot at the center	Excellent/consistent travelling while very fast rotating; Each skaters exerts equal force; Pivot at the center
9) TRANSITIONS within Circle Element Speed Criteria for Transitions also include: - the time to set up new formation - the distance teams move apart from each other during a transition - equal speed, connecting steps (no stop or "wait" for the rest of a team)	Slow speed; Very poor changes of circle formation and size	Slow speed at most times; Poor changes of circle formation and size	Loss of speed during transitions; Struggling with changes of circle formation and size	Moderate speed with some visible pushing; Some good changes of circle formation and size	Good speed with some visible effort; Good changes of circle formation and size	Good speed; Very good changes of circle formation and size	Excellent speed; Excellent changes of circle formation and size

ELEMENT LINE	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING 2) QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS 3) QUALITY of SPACING /DISTANCE 4) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 5) SPEED / FLOW 6) UNISON	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality	1) -6) See General Element Quality
7) QUALITY OF PIVOTING	Skaters totally lose the straightness of line, very slow; Very poor pivoting	Poor pivoting, loss of straightness of line, slow	Obvious struggling with straightness of line and speed	Most parts with straight line, moderate speed	Pivot at one end, straight line during pivoting, good speed	Pivot at one end, straight line during pivoting, very good speed	Pivot at one end, totally straight line during pivoting; Excellent speed during pivoting
8) TRANSITIONS within Line Element Speed Criteria for Transitions also include: - the time to set up new formation - the distance teams move apart from each other during a transition - equal speed, connecting steps (no stop or "wait" for the rest of a team)	Slow speed; Very poor changes of formations	Slow speed at most times; Poor changes of formations	Loss of speed during transitions; Struggling with changes of formations	Moderate speed with some visible pushing; Some good changes of formations	Good speed with some visible effort; Good changes of formations	Very good speed; Very good changes of formations	Excellent speed, Excellent changes of formations

ELEMENT WHEEL	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
<p>1) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING</p> <p>2) QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS</p> <p>3) QUALITY of SPACING /DISTANCE</p> <p>4) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS</p> <p>5) UNISON</p>	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality
<p>6) SPEED / CONTROL OF ROTATION incl. quality change of rotation / clockwise to counter clockwise</p>	Skaters not the same leaning; Very poor / slow rotation and/or change of direction; Very poor tension in spokes	Poor/ slow rotation and/or change of direction; Poor tension in spokes	Loss of control of rotation and/or struggling with change of direction Unequal force by most skaters; Mediocre tension in spokes	Average speed of rotation/ most skaters exert equal force; Good tension in spokes	Good speed of rotation at most time; Each skater exerts equal force; Good tension in spokes	Each skater exerts /apply equal force Very good tension in spokes and very good speed of rotation at all time	All skaters the same leaning; Each skater exerts/ apply equal force; Excellent speed of rotation at all time; Excellent tension in spokes
<p>7) QUALITY OF TRAVELLING</p>	Very poor travelling, Short distance; Nearly no rotation	Poor travelling, Short distance; Very slow, uneven rotation	Mediocre travelling, Moderate distance; Slow and partly uneven rotation	Average travelling, Average distance; Average speed but Partly uneven rotation	Good/ consistent travelling while rotating; Partly uneven rotation	Very good/ consistent travelling while rotating; Even rotation	Excellent / consistent travelling while rotating very fast and evenly
<p>8) TRANSITIONS within Wheel Element</p> <p>Speed</p> <p>Criteria for Transitions also include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - the time to set up new formation - the distance teams move apart from each other during a transition - equal speed, connecting steps (no stop or "wait" for the rest of a team) 	Slow speed; Very long transition between shapes with stopping	Slow speed at most times; Prolonged transition between shapes	Loss of speed during transitions; Struggling with changes of shapes	Moderate speed with some visible pushing; No struggling with changes of shapes	Good speed with some visible effort; Good changes of shapes	Very good speed; Very good changes of shapes	Excellent speed; Excellent changes of shapes

ELEMENT INTERSECTION	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING 2) QUALITY of SPACING /DISTANCE 3) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 4) SPEED / FLOW 5) UNISON	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality	1) -5) See General Element Quality
6) QUALITY AND VARIETY of SHAPES/ CONFIGURATIONS	Skaters struggling with shapes (shapes never recovered after an error); moving into smaller groups	Most parts with loss of shapes; esp. after the Point of Intersection or moving into smaller groups	Obvious struggling with shapes in many places/ esp. after the Point of Intersection or moving into smaller groups	Most parts with clean shapes; Acceptable shapes kept after the Point of Intersection	Good shape most times; Good shapes kept after the Point of Intersection	Very good shapes at all times; Very good shapes kept after the Point of Intersection	Excellent shapes at all times; Excellent original shapes kept after the Point of Intersection
7) POINT OF INTERSECTION	Very slow speed through the whole intersection; Very poor execution of turns, free skating moves	Visible slowing down before the Point of intersection; Struggling with execution of turns, free skating moves	Loss of speed before and/or after the Point of intersection and mediocre execution of turns, free skating moves	Moderate speed before and after the Point of intersection and some good execution of turns, free skating moves	Good speed before and after the Point of intersection and good execution of turns, free skating moves	Very good speed before and after the Point of intersection and very good execution of turns, free skating moves	Excellent speed before and after the Point of intersection and excellent execution of turns, free skating moves
8) TIMING at THE POINT of INTERSECTION	Very poor timing. Turns, FS moves done after intersection	Poor timing; some skaters hesitate on steps at the Point of intersection; Turns, FS moves done after intersection	Mediocre timing/ not all skaters arrive at the Point of intersection at the same time; Turns, FS moves done during or after intersection	Good timing / nearly all skaters arrive at the Point of intersection at the same time; Turns, FS moves done during intersection	Good timing / nearly all skaters arrive at the Point of intersection at the same time ; Turns, FS moves done before or during intersection	Very good timing / nearly all skaters arrive at the Point of intersection at the same time; Turns, FS moves done before intersection	Excellent timing / all skaters arrive at the Point of intersection at the same time; Turns, FS moves done before intersection
9) TRANSITIONS within Intersection Element Criteria for Transitions also include: - the time to set up new formation - the distance teams move apart from each other during a transition - equal speed, connecting steps (no stop or "wait" for the rest of a team)	Changes of direction and holds not included during transition; Telegraphed transition without change of direction	Changes of direction and holds not included during transition	Struggling with changes of direction and holds during transition	Changes of directions with moderate speed during transition	Good execution of changes of direction and holds during transition	Very good execution of changes of direction and holds during transition	Excellent execution of changes of direction and holds during transition

ELEMENT MOVES IN THE FIELD	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of SPACING/ DISTANCE 2) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 3) SPEED / FLOW (See also item 6) below 4) UNISON	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality
5) QUALITY of FORMATIONS/SHAPES PATTERN	Skaters struggling with shapes / pattern; Small pattern	Skaters struggling with shapes / pattern	Obvious struggling with shapes / pattern	Average shapes/ pattern at most time	Good shapes / pattern at most times	Very good shapes/ pattern at all times	Excellent shapes of formations and pattern at all times; Pattern on excellent curves
6) QUALITY of EDGES, SKATING	All moves done on very poor edges; Teams gains flow only through pushing	Some moves done on very poor edges (on flats); Poor flow	Moves done on shallow edges (on flats); Mediocre flow	Some moves done on edges; Average flow	Most of moves done on good edges; Good flow	All moves done on very good edges; Very good flow	All moves done on strong, excellent edges; Team able to maintain excellent flow throughout moves without any pushing
7) BODY POSITION / FLEXIBILITY	No sustained position of moves Weak positions during free skating moves	All moves/ positions sustained for minimum time; Bad unison in attaining free skating positions; Moves/positions sustained shortly	Some moves held in sustained position for minimum time; Some skaters have poor positions during free skating moves	Most moves held in good sustained position. Solid free skating positions are held by all skaters; Reasonable glide maintained throughout free skating moves	Most moves held in good sustained position; Movements into and out of a free skating moves positions are in unison	Most moves held in very good sustained position; Very good body position by most skaters; Matched free leg height during spirals or body line for spread eagles	Excellent body positions and great flexibility at all times by all skaters; All moves held in excellent sustained positions
8) TRANSITIONS between Formations	Poor transitions between formations with total lost of unison and using simple steps	Poor transitions between formations with lost of unison and using simple steps	Mediocre transitions between formations, some lost of unison and using simple steps	Average transition with good unison, using only steps during transition	Good transitions with good unison, using steps and some FS Moves when changing formations	Very good transitions, with very good unison, using FS Moves and some steps when changing formations	Excellent dynamic transitions with excellent unison; Changing formations using FS Moves

ELEMENT NO HOLD STEP SEQUENCE	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY of SPACING/ DISTANCE 2) QUALITY of HOLDS / CHANGE of HOLDS 3) SPEED / FLOW 4) UNISON	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality	1) -4) See General Element Quality
5) QUALITY of FORMATIONS/SHAPES PATTERN	Skaters struggling with shape / pattern; Poor pattern	Obvious struggling with shape/ pattern	Obvious struggling with shape/ pattern	Correct shape / pattern at most times	Good shape/ pattern at most times	Very good shape/ pattern at all times	Excellent shape and pattern at all times
6) QUALITY of EDGES, TURNS, STEPS SKATING	No edges / all turns/ steps on flats; Skating with toe pushing and noisy	Lack of edges / turn control; Most turns / steps with toe push and scraped	Poor quality of edges/ turn control; Stiff with lack of knee action	Some good quality of edges; Only a small part of turns / steps; Shallow edges	Good quality of edges	Very good quality and varied of edges (short and long)	Excellent quality and varied of edges (short / long)
7) BODY POSITION	Weak body position during steps	Weak body position during steps	Some skaters have poor body position during steps	Solid body positions are held at most times	Movements into and out of steps are in unison; Good position by all skaters at most times	Very good body position by all skaters at all times	Excellent body positions by all skaters at all times

ELEMENT SPIN	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1 QUALITY of SPACING / DISTANCE	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality	See General Element Quality
2) QUALITY of ENTRY/ EXIT	Entering spin with very slow speed: Lack of entry/exit control by all skaters	Entering spin with slow speed; Poor entry/exit control by all skaters	Entering spin with slow speed; Rather poor entry/exit control by all skaters	Entering spin from moderate speed; Acceptable entry/exit by most skaters;	Entering spin using speed; Good entry/exit control by most skaters	Entering spin using good speed; Very good entry/exit control by all skaters	Entering spin from the high speed: Excellent entry/exit control by all skaters
3) SPEED OF ROTATION	Very slow speed of revolutions by the whole team	Slow speed of revolutions by nearly all of skaters	Slow speed of revolutions by most of a team	Moderate speed of revolutions by of most skaters	Good speed of revolutions nearly by of most skaters	Very good speed of revolutions by of all skaters	Excellent speed of revolutions by of all skaters
4) BODY POSITION <i>(See also item 6) below</i>	Weak body positions by all skaters	Weak body positions nearly by all skaters	Some skaters have weak body position	Body positions acceptable by most of skaters	Good body positions are held by most skaters	Very good body positions by all skaters; Very good change of arms/legs position in the first part of spin	Excellent body positions at all times by all skaters; Excellent change of arms/legs position in the first part of spin
5) CENTERING / CENTERING in Spin Position For the required revolutions	Re-centering; Travelling a lot by all skaters	Re-centering; Travelling a lot by most of skaters	Travelling a bit by some of skaters	Centered by most of skaters	Centered by most of skaters	Well centered by all skaters	Very well centered by all skaters
6) UNISON / SPINNING and BODY MOVEMENT	Poor unison in spinning and in body position (by 1/2 of a team); Unequal number of revolutions by 1/2 of team	Poor unison in spinning or in body position; Unequal number of revolutions by 1/2 of team	Struggling with unison in spinning and body unison; Unequal number of revolutions by 1/3 of team	Varied spinning unison but vertical body alignment, arms and free legs in unison; Unequal number of revolutions by a few skaters	Good unison in spinning and good in body unison; Equal number of revolutions by almost all skaters	Very good unison of all parts of spin; Equal number of revolutions by all skaters	Excellent unison of all parts of spin ; Equal number of revolutions by all skaters

ELEMENT MOVEMENTS IN ISOLATION	---	--	-	BASIC VALUE	+	++	+++
1) QUALITY AND VARIETY OF SHAPES / CONFIGURATIONS 2) QUALITY OF SPACING/DISTANCE (between isolated movements and skaters) 3) UNISON	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality	1) -3) See General Element Quality
4) QUALITY OF FREE SKATING MOVES / FREE SKATING ELEMENTS	Very poor execution with long preparation; No edges / all turns/ steps on flats	Poor execution; Major problems with technique and preparation; Scraped turns and edges	Preparation evident One or more skaters have minor problem; Adequate execution; Poor quality of edges	All elements completed with average technique; Moderate execution Some good quality of edges	Good level of technique; Good execution; Good quality of edges	Very good level of technique; Very good execution by all skaters; Very good quality of edges	Excellent level of technique; Effortless execution by all skaters; Excellent quality of edges
5) CARRIAGE OF THE SKATERS/ BODY POSITION (for example lifted skaters)	Weak, stiff lunging positions and posture	Poor posture and positions; Little attention to finishing details	Mostly erect carriage; Some body breaks; Little use of arms or free leg extension	Generally pleasing positions, erect carriage; May use arm and free leg extension	Good positions consistently erect carriage; Some attention to body, arm and free legs	Strong, pleasing (air) positions; Extra attention to body, arm, and free leg positions	Excellent (air) positions; Superior use of body, arm, free leg extensions and positions
6) SPEED /ICE COVERAGE / IMAGE ON THE ICE	Slow speed throughout; Poor ice coverage; Total lack of visible image.	Slow speed; Lack of ice coverage; Lack of visible image most of the time	Loss of speed during movement; Ice coverage adequate; Simple image visible most of the time	Moderate speed and ice coverage; Clear and all time visible image	Good speed with some visible effort; Good ice coverage; Good image at all time with use of symmetrical and/or asymm. positions	Good speed without effort; Very good ice coverage; Very good image with use of symmetrical and/ or asymm. positions	Excellent speed; Excellent ice coverage; Excellent image with use of symmetrical and asymm. positions
7) TRANSITIONS	Transitions very weak; Telegraphing	Transitions weak; Telegraphing	Some movements linked, preparation evident	Movements moderately linked; Some preparation evident	Good linking; Variations on entries and exits	Very good linking; Short entries, good exits	Excellent linking; Creative entries and exits
8) MI with LIFTS or JUMPS Jumps – height, clean take off, clean landing Quality of assisted jumps or jumps and lifts	Obvious struggling in lifting and jumping; Very poor flow; Very poor air and landing positions; Collapse in lift or 2 foot jump landings	Poor flow in and out of lifts and jumps; Poor air and landing positions; Touch downs with hand or foot	Reduced flow in and out of lifts and jumps; Air and landing positions not completed	Adequate rhythm and speed into lifts and jumps; Insufficient timing and flow in and out; Landing generally controlled	Good lift and jump technique; Correct timing in and out, good flow, good landing control and positions	Very good lift and jump technique and execution; Strong timing in and out, very good flow, controlled landing positions; No visible effort	Excellent in all lifts and jump phases; Speed, flow, very strong pleasing landing positions; Strong timing in and out; Completely effortless

ISU Judging System

REDUCTIONS and DEDUCTIONS in Synchronized Skating

REDUCTIONS MADE BY THE JUDGES

A. REDUCTIONS FOR BREAKS, STUMBLES, FALLS and COLLISIONS "WITHIN AN ELEMENT" (*SHORT PROGRAM for the Required Elements; FREE SKATING for the counted Elements in the Well Balanced Program*)

The Reductions are made by Judges from the GOE points for the Element.

The maximum reduction per element can be Minus 3 GOE.

BREAKS, STUMBLES:

Minor Breaks	1 or 2 stumbles / breaks	Minus 1 GOE level
Major Breaks	More than 2 stumbles / breaks	Minus 2 GOE level
	<i>OR</i> Prolonged stumble	

FALLS:

Minor Fall	One skater down and up	Minus 1 GOE level
Medium Fall	Either one skater for prolonged time	
	<i>OR</i> down and up for more than one skater	Minus 2 GOE level
Major Fall	More than one skater for prolonged time	Minus 3 GOE level

COLLISIONS:

Minor Collision	2 skaters bump without any interruption of the element (no fall)	Minus 1 GOE level
Medium Collision	2 skaters bump with a short interruption of the element (with one skater falling)	Minus 2 GOE level
Major Collision	2 or more skaters bump with a long interruption of the element	
	<i>OR</i> 3 or more skaters involved in a collision which may include a fall	Minus 3 GOE level

DEDUCTIONS MADE BY THE REFEREE

B. DEDUCTIONS FOR OTHER VIOLATION

Deductions made by Referee from the Total Score

Costume violation	DED 3	1.0
Make-up violation	DED 3	1.0
Time violation for each violation (for every 5 sec lacking or in access)	DED 3	1.0

C. DEDUCTIONS FOR HOLDS

Deductions made by Referee from the Total Score

Missing one hold	DED 1	0.3
Missing two holds	DED 2	0.6
Missing three holds	DED 3	1.0
Missing four holds	DED 4	2.0

D. DEDUCTIONS FOR INTERRUPTION OF PROGRAM

Deductions made by Referee from the Total Score

Interruptions of the program between 10 to 20 seconds time	DED 3	1.0/ each
Interruptions of the program between 21 to 30 seconds time	DED 4	2.0/ each

DEDUCTIONS MADE BY THE TECHNICAL CONTROLLER

E. DEDUCTIONS FOR NOT ACCORDING TO REQUIREMENTS WITHIN ALL ELEMENTS

Deductions identified by the Technical Specialist /verified by the Technical Controller/ are made from the total points for the respective Element.

Not According to Requirements:

One (1) missing (attempted) requirement	DED 1	0.3
Two (2) missing (attempted) requirements	DED 2	0.6
Three (3) missing (attempted) requirements	DED 3	1.0
Four (4) or more missing (attempted) requirements	DED 4	2.0
Omitted requirement (each)	DED 2	0.6

F. DEDUCTIONS FOR FALLS

Falls in any part of the program (required elements and transitions) are identified by the Technical Specialist and authorized or corrected by the Technical Controller. The deduction for a fall is taken from the Total Segment Score.

Fall of one skater time	DED 3	1.0 /each
Fall of two skaters or more time	DED 4	2.0/ each

Additional deductions for interruptions of a program caused by a fall see paragraph D. of the Referees Deduction.

G. DEDUCTIONS FOR ADDITIONAL and ILLEGAL ELEMENT

Deductions identified by the Technical Specialist (verified by the Technical Controller) will be made from the Total Score.

Additional Element	DED 3	1.0
Illegal Element /each	DED 4	2.0
Wrong shape of a required element in Short Program (example: Line, Intersection, Wheel etc.)	DED 3	1.0

**Synchronized Skating
Deductions, Reductions – Who is responsible???**

Discipline	Description	Penalty	Who is responsible
1.	Reduction for breaks, stumbles, falls and collisions in the required elements in Free Skating	GOE will be reduced	Judges
2.	Falls – for falls in any part of the program (required elements and transitions)	- 1.0 for every fall of one skater; - 2.0 for every fall of more than one skater	Technical Specialists – identifies Technical Controller - deducts
3.	Program violation – per 5 sec. lacking or excess of permitted time	-1.0 point deduction	Referee
4.	Costume, prop violations, make-up violation, music violation	-1.0 point deduction	Referee
5.	Interruption of program in excess of 10 seconds: - between 10 and 20 seconds - between 21 and 30 seconds	-1.0 point (additional to the fall) -2.0 points (additional to the fall)	Referee
6.	Holds – not having the required number of holds and/or not held for three (3) sec.	Missing one hold 0.3 Ded Missing two holds 0.6 Ded Missing three holds 1.0 Ded Missing four holds 2.0 Ded Holds not held for 3 seconds 0.3 Ded for each	Referee
7.	Deductions – not according to the requirements	according to the element	Technical Specialists – identifies Technical Controller - deducts
8.	Additional or Illegal elements	For each Additional Element – 1.0 deduction For each Illegal Element – 2.0 deduction	Technical Specialists – identifies Technical Controller - deducts
9.	Bonus: for „Unique, innovative element or movement or transition either within the given number of elements of a Well Balanced Program or as an extraordinary element not listed in the Well Balanced Program in Free Skating will receive a Bonus.	2.0 bonus points (only one bonus can be obtained per program)	Technical Specialist identifies Technical Controller awards

Description of a Fall:

A fall is defined as “loss of control by a skater with the result that the majority of his/her own body weight is on the ice being supported by any other part of the body other than the blades, e.g. hand(s), knee(s), back, buttock(s) or any part of the arm.